Numb. 8478.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday October 22. to Saturday October 26. 1745.

St. James's, October 26.

THE following Addreſs of the Biſhop of Carliſle, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmorland, having been tranſmitted by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Lonſdale, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Biſhop of Carliſle, the Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmorland.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Biſhop of Carliſle, the Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmorland, humbly beg Leave to approach your Royal Throne, with Hearts full of the warmeſt Gratitude and Joy for your moſt ſeaſonable and ſafe Return to theſe Dominions. With equal Ardour and Sincerity we offer our Congratulations on the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton, a Conqueſt not leſs glorious than important to us; and on the happy Event, which, under God, your Majeſty's conſummate Prudence and continual Labours to reſtore the Liberty and Tranquillity of Europe have produced, in placing the Imperial Crown upon the Head of one, who, we have the ſtrongeſt Reaſons to believe, will be both able and inclinable to eſtabliſh ſuch a Ballance of Power as may ſufficiently defend the Allies from all the Inſults of the common Enemy.

A deep Senſe of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's juſt, mild, and gracious Government, obliges us to expreſs our utter Deteſtation and Abhorrence of each wicked Effort to deprive us of them; particularly of the preſent abſurd and unnatural Attempt to impoſe on us a Foreign, Popiſh, frequently abjured Pretender, to the Crown of theſe Realms.

On this extraordinary Occaſion we moſt humbly intreat your Majeſty to accept our freſh Aſſurances of Duty and unſhaken Loyalty; our ſolemn Engagements of endeavouring faithfully, in our reſpective Stations, to exert our utmoſt Zeal for the Protection of your Majeſty's moſt ſacred Perſon, the Support of your Government, the Preſervation of our happy Conſtitution in Church and State. And we ſhall not fail to implore the Divine Favour to continue theſe invaluable Bleſſings to us, thro' the Proſperity of your illuſtrious Houſe, in which we firmly truſt they are included, and thereby perpetuate the ſame to our Poſterity.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Biſhop, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders, of the County and Dioceſe of Oxford, having been tranſmitted by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Biſhop, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County and Dioceſe of Oxford.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Arrival in theſe your Dominions, and at the ſame Time to expreſs our inviolable Attachment to your ſacred Perſon and the Proteſtant Succeſſion, as by Law eſtabliſhed, in your Royal Houſe.

We

We are truly ſenſible of the many Bleſſings we at preſent enjoy; and that all our Happineſs, and whatſoever can be dear to Proteſtants and Engliſhmen, depends upon that Eſtabliſhment; and whenſoever that ſhall be ſubverted, we muſt neceſſarily be deprived of the two greateſt Bleſſings which Man is capable of; the free Exerciſe of our Religion, and the unmoleſted Enjoyment of our Liberty and Property.

For which Reaſon, we cannot reflect, without the greateſt Abhorrence and Deteſtation, upon that unnatural and wicked Rebellion, which has actually been begun, and is now carried on in the North Part of your Majeſty's Dominions, at the Inſtigation of two great Powers, who are actuated by different Principles indeed, but equally deſtructive of the Happineſs of Britain. The one, animated by a bigotted and furious Zeal, aims at the total Extirpation of our Religion: And the Ambition of the other is ſo boundleſs, that is projects Nothing leſs than the enſlaving all Europe, and finds it neceſſary to begin firſt with this Nation, which has ſo often obſtructed its pernicious Deſigns, and particularly by the Advancement of the Great Duke to the Imperial Throne: An Event, which is principally owing to your Majeſty's wiſe Interpoſition, and powerful Influence; and has therefore drawn upon you the moſt bitter Reſentment of that inveterate Enemy to Liberty in general.

But it is with the utmoſt Pleaſure we ſee that Unanimity which prevails in Perſons of all Parties, to join their Endeavours to fruſtrate the Deſigns of our Enemies, and to ſuppreſs the Inſurrection of thoſe mad, perjur'd, and deſperate Men, who have been induced, by the ſpecious Pretences and deceitful Promiſes of artful and ill-deſigning Perſons, to ſhake off their Allegiance to your Majeſty, and diſturb the Peace and Tranquillity of their Country.

And we beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that, laying aſide all Party-Diſtinctions and private Prejudices, and actuated as well by the Principles of Duty and Allegiance, as by Intereſt, we will heartily unite in the Support of your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, to the utmoſt of our Power, and at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes.

And we pray Almighty God, the only Giver of all Victory, to bleſs the Endeavours of all your loyal Subjects, that the Peace of the Kingdom may ſoon be reſtored, and our Religion and Liberties rendred ſafe and ſecure: And to grant, that this Nation may very long be happy under your Majeſty's mild and auſpicious Government, and the Britiſh Crown be ever worn by a Prince of your Royal Line.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Oxford, in the County of Oxford, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Thomas Rowney, and Philip Herbert, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Commonalty of your City of Oxford, in the County of Oxford,

Moſt humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon your ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions, and upon the glorious Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the Conqueſt of Cape Breton; an Acquiſition moſt valuable to the Engliſh Nation, as the Loſs of it muſt prove moſt affecting to the French; and we aſſure ourſelves, that the ſame Naval Conſtitutional Force that gain'd ſo important a Place, will preſerve it to lateſt Poſterity.

Permit us, Great Sir, to join our Fellow-Subjects in profeſſing our Fidelity to your Royal Perſon and the preſent Eſtabliſhment. The daring Attempts of the rebellious Inſurgents in Scotland, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender, muſt raiſe a juſt Indignation in the Breaſt of every Engliſhman, who has the Safety and Honour of his Country, and the Security of the Proteſtant Religion, at Heart.

It is under your Majeſty's auſpicious Influence, we expect to enjoy thoſe invaluable Privileges, ſo bravely delivered from our Anceſtors; and that Independency which has ſo glorioufly diſtinguiſhed this Nation.

In Teſtimony whereof, we have cauſed the Common Seal of the ſaid City to be hereunto affixed. Dated at the Guildhall of the ſaid City, the Second Day of October, in the Year of our Lord 1745.

The following Addreſs of the Provincial Synod of Merſe and Tiviotdale, having been tranſmitted to the moſt Honourable the Marquis of Tweeddale, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Provincial Synod of Merſe and Tiviotdale, met at Kelſo, the Fifteenth of October, 1745.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt faithful and loyal Subjects, the Miniſters and Elders of the Provincial Synod of Merſe and Tiviotdale, beg Leave, with all Humility, to addreſs your Royal Perſon,

Perſon, and declare the juſt Senſe we have of the free Enjoyment of all the Bleſſings which merit the Regard of Men, under your Majeſty's mild and auſpicious Government; and we ſhould, of all Men, be the moſt unthankful to God, and undutiful to your Majeſty, if ſuch invaluable Privileges, ſacred and civil, did not excite in us the warmeſt Returns of Affection and Zeal.

As it is only under your Majeſty, and thoſe of your illuſtrious Houſe, we can have any rational Security for our continuing a free and happy People; ſo every Attempt to diſturb the Peace of your Majeſty's Reign, muſt fill us with the utmoſt Abhorrence. We conſider it therefore as our inviolable Duty on this Occaſion, to declare our Deteſtation of the preſent moſt unnatural Rebellion in Favour of a popiſh Pretender, contrived and carried on by a Number of deſperate and perfidious Men, who, amidſt their Fury, have never been able to fix one Inſtance of the Violation of our Laws on your Majeſty's Government. Vain Deluſion of arrogant Men, to flatter themſelves with the Hopes that Proteſtants and Freemen can ever be reconciled to the gloomy Horrors of Popery and lawleſs Power!

Under a powerful Senſe of our Duty, as Miniſters of the Goſpel, we have never failed to inculcate upon the Minds of the People under our Charge, juſt Sentiments of the unſpeakable Advantages of our Conſtitution in Church and State; and we can with joyful Hearts aſſure your Majeſty, our Succeſs has been ſuch, that few or none of the Members of this eſtabliſh'd Church have been prevailed upon to abett this daring Attempt to ſubvert our Religion and Liberties, notwithſtanding the many artful Methods that have been employed to enſnare them; and by the Grace of Almighty God, we are reſolved to perſevere in our unalterable Fidelity to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, at the Expence of all that's dear to us in the World.

It is our earneſt Prayer to Him by whom Kings reign, that your Majeſty's Reign may be long and proſperous over a free and loyal People; that your Majeſty may continue the glorious Support of the Proteſtant Intereſt at Home and Abroad, and the Bulwark of the Liberties of Europe; that the Lord of Hoſts, who is ſtrong in Battle, would render your Majeſty victorious over all your Enemies; that he would beſtow ſingular Evidences of his Regard on the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, and all the Branches of the Royal Family; and that God would ſtill bleſs thoſe Realms with one of your Royal Offſpring to ſway the Scepter over them, till Time ſhall be no more.

This in Name, in Preſence, and by Appointment of the Synod, is ſigned by,

John Cranſtoun, Moderator.

The following Addreſs of the Biſhop of Carliſle, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland, having been tranſmitted by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Lonſdale, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Biſhop of Carliſle, the High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Biſhop of Carliſle, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland, humbly beg Leave to approach your Royal Throne, with Hearts full of the warmeſt Gratitude and Joy for your moſt ſeaſonable and ſafe Return to theſe Dominions. With equal Ardour and Sincerity we offer our Congratulations on the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton; a Conqueſt not leſs glorious than important to us; and on the happy Event, which, under God, your Majeſty's conſummate Prudence and continual Labours to reſtore the Liberty and Tranquillity of Europe have produced, in placing the Imperial Crown upon the Head of one, who, we have the ſtrongeſt Reaſons to believe, will be both able and inclined to eſtabliſh ſuch Ballance of Power, as may ſufficiently defend your Allies from all the Inſults of the common Enemy.

A deep Senſe of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's juſt, mild, and gracious Government, obliges us to expreſs our utter Deteſtation and Abhorrence of each wicked Effort to deprive us of them, particularly of the preſent abſurd and unnatural Attempt to impoſe on us a Foreign, Popiſh, frequently abjured Pretender, to the Crown of theſe Realms.

On this extraordinary Occaſion we moſt humbly entreat your Majeſty to accept our freſh Aſſurances of Duty and unſhaken Loyalty; our ſolemn Engagements of Endeavours, faithfully, in our reſpective Stations, to exert our utmoſt Zeal for the Protection of your Majeſty's moſt ſacred Perſon, the Support of your Government, the Preſervation of our happy Conſtitution in Church and State. And we ſhall not fail to implore the Divine Favour to continue theſe invaluable Bleſſings to us, thro' the

the Proſperity of your illuſtrious Houſe, in which we truſt they are included, and thereby perpetuate the ſame to our Poſterity.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, Clergy and Citizens of the City of Carliſle, having been tranſmitted by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Lonſdale, Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty; Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, Clergy and Citizens of the City of Carliſle.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, Clergy and Citizens of the City of Carliſle, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Arrival into your Britiſh Dominions; and on the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms at Cape Breton; a Conqueſt, which we hope will be as laſting and beneficial to theſe Kingdoms, as it has been glorious to your Majeſty's Forces. Permit us alſo, Dread Sovereign, to expreſs our grateful Acknowledgements for your unwearied Care and Pains, in ſettling the Ballance of Power in Europe, by placing the Grand Duke of Tuſcany upon the Imperial Throne; an Event, which, we hope, by the Bleſſing of God, will be the Means of baffling the ambitious Deſigns, and reducing the exorbitant Power of France, and humbling the Pride of its perfidious Monarch, the inveterate Enemy of the Proteſtant Intereſt, and the common Diſturber of the Peace and Tranquillity of Europe.

We are truly ſenſible of the many great and invaluable Bleſſings we and all your Majeſty's Subjects enjoy under your Majeſty's mild and auſpicious Government.

The Preſervation of our Holy Religion, our Laws and Liberties, and whatever is dear to us, is, under God, the happy Conſequence of the Eſtabliſhment of your illuſtrious Houſe upon the Throne of theſe Kingdoms: Every Attempt therefore againſt your Majeſty, muſt neceſſarily fill the Hearts of all true Engliſhmen with the utmoſt Horror. Permit us then, Great Sir, to expreſs our Indignation at the audacious and unnatural Rebellion, that the Son of an abjur'd and popiſh Pretender, is now fomenting and carrying on in Scotland; and our greateſt Abhorrence, that any of your Majeſty's Proteſtant Subjects, who have experienced the Fruits of your Royal Clemency, and enjoy'd the Bleſſings of your and your Royal Father's Reigns, ſhould baſely deſert to the Standard of that inſolent Invader.

Upon this extraordinary and unexpected Occaſion, we beg Leave to give your Majeſty freſh Aſſurances of our ſincere Attachment to your Majeſty and your Royal Family; and that we will, to the utmoſt of our Power, contribute our Endeavours to defend your Majeſty's Perſon and Government againſt the Pretender and his Adherents, and againſt all your Enemies whatſoever.

And we cannot but look upon it as a diſtinguiſhed Happineſs, that we have an Opportunity of returning your Majeſty our ſincereſt Thanks for that particular Share of Confidence repoſed in us at this dangerous Juncture, in being honour'd with your Royal Mandate for arming ourſelves againſt the Diſturbers of your Majeſty's Reign. And we hope, ſhould the publick Enemy approach us, that this important Truſt will not have been beſtowed in Vain, but that it will enable us to give a ſurer Proof than Words can convey, of our firm Attachment to your Majeſty's Intereſt.

May your Majeſty's Reign be long and proſperous; and that the Britiſh Sceptre may never be wreſted out of the Hands of your auguſt and illuſtrious Family, is the ardent Prayer of, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Officers, Mariners and Soldiers of his Majeſty's Ships under the Command of the Honourable Edward Vernon, Eſq; Admiral of the White Squadron, and the Honourable John Byng, Eſq; Rear Admiral of the Blue Squadron of his Majeſty's Fleet, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Earl of Sandwich, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Paulet, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's loyal and faithful Subjects and Servants, the Officers, Mariners and Soldiers, of your Majeſty's Ships under the Command of the Honourable Edward Vernon, Eſq; Admiral of the White Squadron, and the Honourable John Byng, Eſq; Rear Admiral of the Blue Squadron of your Majeſty's Fleet, having a juſt Reſentment of the Inſolence of the Mountaineer Rebels and Robbers of North Britain, attempting to ſet up and ſupport a popiſh Pretender to the Crown of theſe Kingdoms, ſo happily eſtabliſhed in a Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Royal

Royal Family, beg Leave to approach your Majeſty's Throne with the moſt ſincere and faithful Aſſurance of our determined Reſolutions, firmly and ſteadily to ſupport and defend your Royal Majeſty's Perſon and Government, againſt all the Attempts of your Majeſty's rebellious Subjects, and all their Adherents Foreign and Domeſtick: And to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are determined, agreeable to our bounden Duty, as faithful Subjects and Servants of your Majeſty's, at the Peril of our Lives, to manifeſt by our Actions the Sincerity of our Declarations, to ſupport and defend your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, being juſtly ſenſible of the Bleſſings we enjoy in the Poſſeſſion of our Liberties, and free Enjoyment of the Proteſtant Religion, by the happy Eſtabliſhment of the Crown in your Royal Family.

The following Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace and Deputy Lieutenants of the County of Glamorgan, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Hon. Buſſy Manſel, Eſq; their Repreſentative in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Paulet, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Juſtices of Peace and Deputy Lieutenants of the County of Glamorgan.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace and Deputy Lieutenants of the County of Glamorgan, beg Leave to offer our warmeſt Congratulations on your Majeſty's ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions, after having ſo principally contributed towards laying a Foundation for preſerving the threatned Liberties of Europe, by the Election of the Great Duke to the Imperial Crown.

And as the Safety and Proſperity of theſe Kingdoms have ever ſo eminently depended on that Naval Power, which owes its Riſe and Being to our Trade and Commerce, from which its Exiſtence muſt ever be inſeparable, we beg Leave, in a more particular Manner, to congratulate your Majeſty on the taking of Cape Breton; a Place of ſuch infinite Conſequence, not only from the very extenſive Benefit our own Trade will receive from it, but from the great Check it will be to the Rival Commerce and Naval Power of that reſtleſs and perfidious Nation, France. A Conſideration, that, from the peculiar Circumſtances and Experience of the preſent Times, muſt render it for ever of Importance, beyond all Equivalent.

It is therefore with the greateſt Concern, Abhorrence and Indignation, we ſee, at a Time when your Majeſty is engaged in ſo juſt and neceſſary a War againſt the Enemies of this Country, and the common Diſturbers and Invaders of the Liberties of Europe, with which our own muſt in ſome Degree be neceſſarily involved, in which your Majeſty's Greatneſs of Mind has exerted and diſtinguiſhed itſelf by a Reſentment, the Inſults and Injuries offered this Nation have ſo highly merited, and with a Firmneſs to our Allies, that muſt make the Friendſhip, Faith and Honour of this Nation ever valued and revered, (permit us to repeat our Indignation,) that there ſhould be any Number of People wicked and ungrateful enough to attempt the overturning the happy Eſtabliſhment of your Majeſty's Royal Family, under which alone this Nation can ever hope to enjoy their Religon and Liberty. And as without theſe, every thing that is dear to us would be rendered of no Value, with Hearts filled with a juſt Senſe of theſe Bleſſings, we aſſure your Majeſty, that we ſhall be ready, with the warmeſt and moſt indefatigable Zeal, to purſue ſuch Methods as ſhall be moſt neceſſary and effectual, at the utmoſt Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, in Support of your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and in Suppreſſion of this moſt traiterous and unnatural Rebellion carrying on againſt them. And we doubt not but the Zeal that will be ſhew'd by all Ranks of People in this Kingdom on this Occaſion, will prevent all ſuch traiterous Deſigns for the Future, by convincing our Enemies, that no Machinations of the moſt powerful Tyrants Abroad, nor the warmeſt Dictates of blind Superſtition and Ingratitude at Home, will ever be able to ſhake the Throne of a Prince, founded like your Majeſty's, in the Hearts and Affections of a free People, zealous to preſerve that Happineſs.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, the Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Brecon, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Honourable Thomas Morgan, Eſq; Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecon, and John Jefferies, Eſq; Repreſentative for the ſaid County, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Paulet, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

PErmit us, your Majeſty's Lieutenant, the Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace,

Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Brecon, to congratulate your Majeſty (which we do with all Chearfulneſs) on your ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions, and on the Succeſs of your Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton.

We cannot forbear laying hold of this Opportunity, from the juſt Senſe we have of our Felicity, in the full Enjoyment of our civil and religious Rights and Liberties, under your Majeſty's moſt wiſe and prudent Adminiſtration, to declare with great Truth and Sincerity to your Majeſty, our utmoſt Reſentment and Abhorrence of the treaſonable Inſurrection and unnatural Rebellion, which we ſee fomented and raiſed, and ſtill carried on in your Majeſty's Dominions, by the Enemies both to your ſacred Perſon and Government, from the Hopes of being ſupported by popiſh Forces from abroad, with an iniquitous Deſign to place on the Throne of your Kingdoms, a popiſh abjured Pretender to your Crown, educated and brought up in all the Maxims and Principles of popiſh Superſtition, Tyranny, and Arbitrary Power, that muſt terminate, if attended with Succeſs (which God forbid) in the total Ruin and Extirpation of the Proteſtant Intereſt, and the utter Subverſion of our happy Eſtabliſhment in Church and State. We are not at all ſurprized, that the common Enemy and Diſturber of the Peace and Repoſe of all Europe, from Reſentment of your Majeſty's Zeal and unwearied Labours in the Defence of the Liberties of Europe, ſhould attempt to place a Creature of his own on the Throne of theſe Kingdoms, in order to enſlave and bring us under French Government. But to conſider that any of your Proteſtant Subjects, in Breach of the moſt ſolemn Oaths and Ties of Allegiance, ſhould be ſo regardleſs of their Duty, as well as real Intereſt, as to enter into Meaſures with Papiſts (the Tools of Arbitrary Power) ſo deſtructive of our Religion, and ſo big with Ruin and Deſtruction to our Country, it fills our Hearts with equal Concern, Horror, and Amazement. As for our Parts, we humbly crave Leave to give your Majeſty the fulleſt Aſſurances of our firm and unſhaken Loyalty and Obedience to your ſacred Perſon and illuſtrious Family, and of our Reſolution, on this and every other Occaſion, to maintain and defend, with the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, your Majeſty's undoubted Right and Title to the Crown of theſe Kingdoms, and Proteſtant Succeſſion (as by Law eſtabliſhed) in your Royal Houſe, as the only Security and Bulwark of our Religion, our Laws, our Lives, our Liberties and Properties, againſt the villainous and daring Attempts, which are, or ſhall be made, in Favour of ſuch popiſh Pretender; and we cannot doubt, but through the Aſſiſtance of Divine Providence, your Majeſty will ſoon be able to defeat their wicked and ſeditious Deſigns, to quench and extinguiſh the Flame of this unnatural Rebellion, and render all their traiterous Schemes, to reduce us to Popery, Slavery, and arbitrary Power, fruitleſs and abortive. To accompliſh which ſalutary Ends, may your Majeſty's Arms be bleſſed and crowned with Succeſs againſt your rebellious and diſobedient Subjects, in Defence of our happy Eſtabliſhment. May your Majeſty, (who has been always graciouſly pleaſed to make our Conſtitution the conſtant Rule and Meaſure of your Goverment) reign long and happy in the Hearts of your dutiful and obedient Subjects; and may all true Proteſtants, led to a Senſe of their Duty from your Royal Example, make the ſame Conſtitution the Rule of their Obedience; and may there never be wanting Proteſtant Princes, deſcended from your Royal Loins, to ſway the Britiſh Scepter, that the Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's Reign, may be tranſmitted down to lateſt Poſterity.

The following Addreſs of the Bailiff, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council, Grand Jury and Burgeſſes of the Borough and Corporation of Brecon, having been tranſmitted to Henry Talbot, Eſq; has by him been preſented to his Majeſty, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Lincoln, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

TO permit us, the Bailiff, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council, Grand Jury and Burgeſſes of the Borough and Corporation of Brecon, aſſembled and met at their General Seſſions of the Peace, the Nineteenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five, with Hearts full of Zeal, Duty and Loyalty to your Majeſty, moſt humbly to aſſure you, Sir, that we with Sincerity rejoice at your Majeſty's ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions, and the Succeſs of your Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton.

We are too ſenſible of the Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's auſpicious Government, not to be alarm'd at every Attempt to diſturb it: The preſent Invaſion of the Pretender's eldeſt Son and his Adherents, Promoters of Popery, Slavery and arbitrary Power, we have the utmoſt Abhorrence and Indignation of: We will exert, for our Parts, our united Force and Endeavours to render their raſh and pernicious Deſigns ſucceſsleſs and abortive; and chearfully hazard our Lives and Fortunes in Support of your Majeſty's Government, and Defence of your ſacred Perſon, the Guardian and

and Defender of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, without which our Lives or Fortunes can afford us no Satisfaction. Your Majeſty has our moſt ardent Wiſhes, that your Reign over us may be long, happy, and proſperous; that the Felicity we enjoy under the Protection of your Majeſty, may be ſecured to lateſt Poſterity; and may your Royal Deſcendants fill the Throne your Majeſty ſo greatly adorns, to Perpetuity.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council, and Burgeſſes of the Town and Corporation of Totnes, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir John Strange, Kt. one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Lincoln, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Corporation of Totnes.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common-Council, and Burgeſſes of the Town and Corporation of Totnes, in the County of Devon, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions, on the happy Succeſs it has pleaſed God to grant to your indefatigable Endeavours whilſt Abroad, for the Good of the common Cauſe of Europe in general, to bring about the Election of his Serene Highneſs the Great Duke of Tuſcany to the Imperial Crown of Germany, and on the glorious Atchievements of your Majeſty's Arms at Cape Breton and in the Eaſt Indies; all Events of ſuch vaſt Conſequence and Importance, as we hope and truſt, with the Bleſſing of Almighty God, will, in his due Time, effectually humble the grand Diſturber of the Quiet and Repoſe of Chriſtendom, and force him to a juſt and reaſonable Peace.

After the Tender of theſe our moſt humble Congratulations, permit us, moſt gracious Sovereign, to expreſs our utmoſt Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the inſolent and audacious Attempt of the Pretender's Son and his Adherents in Scotland; and at the ſame Time, with the greateſt Sincerity of our Hearts, to renew our ſolemn Aſſurances of our inviolable Duty and Attachment to your Majeſty's moſt ſacred Perſon and Government, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion of the Crown in your moſt illuſtrious Houſe, till Time ſhall be no more.

Given under our common Seal, at the Guild-hall of the ſaid Town, the Firſt Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign, 1745.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helſton, in the County of Cornwall, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Francis Godolphin, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Lincoln, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helſton, in the County of Cornwall.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and faithful Subjects, the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helſton, do beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Arrival in your Britiſh Dominions, whoſe Preſence was never more neceſſary than now, to diſpel thoſe Storms which ſeem ready to break over our Heads with Ruin and Deſtruction: And alſo on the late glorious Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton, as it will be a Means of encreaſing and ſecuring the Trade and Commerce of your Majeſty's Subjects, as well as diſtreſſing that of your Enemies.

The Succeſs of your Majeſty's wiſe Conduct Abroad, has given the Empire, lately diſtracted and long harraſſed by the miſerable Calamities of deſtructive War, a Head; and, with that Head, the Means and Power of reſtoring Peace. This great and glorious Work has drawn theſe Marks of our Enemies Reſentment upon you; upon you whom they think the only Monarch willing and capable of oppoſing their ambitious Views.

It grieves us to think what Returns your Majeſty has met with from your own Subjects, for all the Pains you have taken in promoting the common Good. From your Enemies, ſecret Treachery and open Violence you muſt expect; but from your Subjects, who have many of them experienced particular Inſtances of your Clemency, this is unparallelled Ingratitude.

Our Liberties, both Civil and Religious, are in Danger of being ſubverted, and under thoſe, every thing that is truly valuable to Engliſhmen is contain'd: That glorious and immortal Prince, who tranſmitted the Sceptre to your auguſt Houſe, left it in the Hands of thoſe, who have copied the bright Example he propoſed, by chaſtiſing the Inſolent, puniſhing the Perfidious, and relieving Liberty when ſinking under the Load of powerful Oppreſſion.

May

May that Providence which placed your Majeſty over theſe Kingdoms, guide and direct you in all your Undertakings; may the boaſted Triumphs of your Enemies end in Confuſion and Deſpair! And if our Lives or our Fortunes can be any way ſerviceable to your Majeſty's Intereſt, we are ready to ſacrifice both in Defence of Religion and Liberty, for we can expect the Enjoyment of neither, if the Sceptre departs from your auguſt Houſe.

Given under our Hands, and the common Seal of the ſaid Borough, the Fourth Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Magiſtrates, and Common Council of the Borough and Town of Marlborough, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir John Hind Cotton, Bart. one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Magiſtrates, and Common Council of the Borough and Town of Marlborough, in the County of Wilts, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Arrival in your Britiſh Dominions, and at the ſame Time to expreſs our Abhorrence of the preſent ſeditious and rebellious Proceedings in Favour of a popiſh and abjur'd Pretender.

We are not ſo inſenſible of the Happineſs we enjoy, under our preſent Eſtabliſhment both in Church and State, as to think any Bleſſing upon Earth ſuperior to it; nor are we ſo inſenſible that the Continuance of this Happineſs depends on your Majeſty's continuing to reign over us, as to be wanting to contribute what in us lies, to ſtrengthen your Hands and ſupport your Government.

The Aſſociations that are forming in every Corner of the Kingdom, in Defence of your Royal Perſon and Government, are an undeniable Proof, how much you reign in the Affections of your People, and leave us little Room to doubt, but the Combinations of our Enemies will be as fruitleſs as they are wicked.

May Wiſdom direct your Counſels; Succeſs attend your Arms, and Glory crown your Days. And when He, by whom Kings reign, ſhall exchange your earthly for an heavenly Crown, may your Royal Deſcendants aſcend your Throne, and be a Bleſſing to theſe Kingdoms to the moſt diſtant Generations.

Done under the common Seal of the ſaid Borough, at the Guildhall thereof, on Monday the 7th Day of October, in the Year of our Lord 1745.

The following Addreſs of the Biſhop, the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church, and Clergy of the Dioceſe of Wincheſter, having been tranſmitted by the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Wincheſter, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Biſhop, the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church, and Clergy of the Dioceſe of Wincheſter.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful Subjects, the Biſhop, the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church, and the Clergy of the Dioceſe of Wincheſter, beg Leave to approach your ſacred Perſon at this Time, with Hearts full of Thankfulneſs for the many and great Bleſſings we have, thro' a long Series of Years, enjoyed under your moſt juſt and legal Government; and of the warmeſt Reſentments againſt the wicked Attempts, now ſet on Foot by the Foreign and Domeſtick Enemies to your Majeſty's Right to your Crown, and your People's true Intereſt. We lay hold on this Opportunity, to declare, in the moſt ſolemn Manner, that we are not ſo inſenſible as to be content to part with the free Exerciſe of our holy Religion, and the ſecure Enjoyment of all our legal Liberties and Properties, in Exchange for the Darkneſs and Chains of Popery, and the Miſeries of arbitrary Power, modell'd and directed by France.

We know and feel the Value of the Happineſs we enjoy, in common with the reſt of our Fellow Subjects, under a King, who has, in a ſteady, unwearied Courſe, made the Laws the ſole Meaſure of his Adminiſtration: And we are well apprized what diſtinguiſhing Marks of furious Zeal, we of the Clergy, before all others, ſhall meet with, if we do not exert all our Endeavours, under the Providence of a good God, to guard ſucceſsfully againſt the greateſt Evils that can befall our Church and State: The Evils of faithleſs Popery, and relentleſs Bigottry, arm'd with Power.

We have ſo deep a Senſe of this, that we eſteem our Prayers for your Majeſty to be truly Prayers for ourſelves; our Zeal for your Preſervation to be Zeal for our own; our Efforts for the Security of your ſacred Perſon, and the Proteſtant Eſtabliſhment in your Royal Family, to be Efforts for the Security of ourſelves: And we

acknowledge

acknowledge, that we cannot grow indifferent to theſe, without throwing off all Regard to ourſelves, our Poſterity, our Religion, our Church, and our Country. We cannot therefore but be thought ſincere, in a Caſe where Self-Intereſt and Duty are inſeparable, when we give your Majeſty the utmoſt Aſſurances, that by our Prayers, by our Preaching, and by the Zeal of our whole Behaviour, in this critical Conjuncture, we will ſhew ourſelves truly ſenſible, that all that is or ought to be dear to us is at Stake, and that our Safety and Well-being are wrapped up in thoſe of your Majeſty, whom we beſeech God long to preſerve, the great Support and Bleſſing to theſe Kingdoms.

Petersbourg, Sept. 28. Count Roſenberg, the Queen of Hungary's Ambaſſador, has had his Audience of Leave, and is to ſet out in a few Days for Holland. The Empreſs has been pleaſed to offer him one of her Ships of War, now lying at Revel, to carry him and his Equipages to Lubeck. At the ſame Time that Count Roſenberg was recalled from hence, the Queen of Hungary ſent her Full Powers to her Reſident here M. Hochenholtz, to take care of her Affairs in this Court.

Vienna, Oct. 20, *N. S.* The Pruſſians were encamped upon the 16th Inſtant, the Horſe at Trautenau, and the Foot in the Neighbourhood. It was expected they would move the next Day to Liebeau near Landſhut, in order to canton and form a Cordon from the Mountains called Reiſenberg to the Defilés behind Braunau. All the King of Pruſſia's menial Servants have been reſtored, but the Miniſters Eichel and Muller are detained Priſoners at Konigſhoff. M. Bartenſtein, who left Francfort in the Night between the 13th and 14th Inſtant, is expected here To-night or To-morrow, and Count Ulfeld, who ſet out on the 15th, is expected here To-morrow or Friday. The Route the Empreſs will take on her Return hither is uncertain, and it is thought that ſhe will not make her publick Entry into this Capital till the 28th Inſtant.

Dreſden, Oct. 24. Here is nothing ſaid of the Armies in Bohemia, but that in general the King of Pruſſia continues in his Deſign of retreating to his own Territories.

Dreſden, Oct. 27. By Letters of the 21ſt Inſtant from Prince Charles's Army, his Pruſſian Majeſty had retreated with his whole Army into his own Territories, and his Highneſs was extending his in ſuch a Manner, as to cover Moravia and Luſatia, which was thought neceſſary, his Highneſs being informed, that the Corps under Lieutenant General Naſſau had been reinforced, and was marching towards the former of thoſe Provinces.

Francfort, Oct. 24, *N. S.* General Bretlach will ſoon ſet out for Petersbourg, in Quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the Emperor to that Court. Marſhal Bathiani is ſtill here, with Count Salabour and ſome of the Auſtrian Generals; but it is thought that he will ſoon ſet out for Croatia, in order to engage thoſe People, by whom he is extremely beloved, to ſend a freſh Body of Troops into the Field next Spring.

Berlin, Oct. 26. The Regiments of Foot of Prince Ferdinand and old Wurtemberg arrived here on Sunday Morning, and join'd by that of Prince Leopold, were reviewed by his Highneſs Prince Ferdinand, and the Governor Count Haack in the Park, after which they took up their former Quarters here. The Pruſſian Army in Bohemia is ſaid to have entered Sileſia on the 20th Inſtant, after having been continually harraſſed by the Auſtrian irregular Troops, and, as it is ſaid, loſt a great Number of Men. 'Tis likewiſe reported, that the Army was immediately divided, and the Regiments marched ſeparately to their reſpective Quarters. What has been ſpread about concerning the Pruſſian Invaſion into Moravia, confines itſelf to Holtzenplotz, and ſome other little Places, where ſome Detachments of the Corps under General Naſſau poſted themſelves. His Pruſſian Majeſty is ſtill expected here on the 2d or 3d of next Month. Vice Chancellor Woronzow arrived here from Petersbourg the 23d Inſtant, with his Lady and two Children, and purpoſes to purſue his Journey to Dreſden in five or ſix Days. General Berlichingen continues ſtill under Arreſt.

Hague, Oct. 29. By our Advices from Italy, the Town of Alexandria is loſt, and its Cittadel beſieged; and his Sardinian Majeſty is retired from Caſal. The Earl of Albermarle, with the ſeven Battalions under his Orders, ſet Sail from Helvoetſluys laſt Wedneſday Morning.

Hague, Oct. 29, *N. S.* By our Advices from Italy, the Governor of Alexandria abandoned the Town upon the 11th at Night, and retired into the Caſtle, in which he is blocked up without any Hopes of Aſſiſtance. The Garriſon is very conſiderable, but ſlenderly provided. Valentia was inveſted upon the 10th, and the French were preparing to beſiege it. The Spaniſh and French Armies are encamped at St. Salvador, and the King of Sardinia's in the Lomeline.

Bruſſels, Nov. 2. Since his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland left this Place, we are buſy in ſettling the Winter Quarters. Marſhal Konigſegg ſets out this Day from hence for Vienna. Ten Dutch Battalions and nine Squadrons of Dutch and Heſſians are come into this Place. The Earl of Dunmore intends to remove from hence for Antwerp in a few Days. Seven Battalions of Foot, with the Royal and Sir Robert Rich's Dragoons, wait the Return of the Tranſports, to carry them over to England.

Whitehall, October 25.

By Letters from Newcaſtle of the 22d there is an Account, that upon the 21ſt about 400

Men of Lieutenant General Howard's Regiment, who landed at Shields, came up to that Town: That upon the 22d arrived the Gibraltar Man of War, with the Right Hon. the Earl of Albermarle on board, and that the reſt of the Tranſports were expected in that Evening and the next Morning. By Advices from Scotland of the 21ſt, the Rebels continued giving out that they were to march from Edinburgh upon the 22d or 23d. Other Letters from Scotland take Notice, that another French Veſſel was landed at Stonehive, with ſome Officers and a few Arms for the Rebels. A Party of them was lately at Douglas, where they got ſome Small Pieces of Cannon, and 30 Stand of Arms. Afterwards they proceeded to Hamilton, and took what Arms they found there, and then returned to Edinburgh. Several different Accounts agree, that their Numbers did not exceed 8000.

Whitehall, October 26.

Letters from Berwick of the 22d Inſtant, advice, that ſome of the Tranſports bound from Holland to Newcaſtle, had appeared off that Place, and that a Boat with a Pilot had gone out and conducted them in. Theſe had on board eight Companies belonging to different Regiments, and there were ſome more Tranſports with about five Companies at Holy-Iſland. General Handaſyd ordered the eight Companies to land and enter Berwick, to reinforce that Garriſon, and the five Companies to remain at Holy-Iſland till further Orders.

There is Intelligence likewiſe, that 2000 of the Rebels, with eight Pieces of Cannon, had on Monday laſt marched by Duddingſton from Edingburgh, and were gone, as was ſaid, Southward: That thoſe in Muſſelburg, and the other Villages adjacent to Ebinburgh, were drawing together in order to take the ſame Route as on Tueſday Morning laſt; and that they were enquiring which were the beſt Roads to Weſtmorland, &c.

It was likewiſe reported, that 200 of the Rebels had mutinied, of whom 100 had marched off, and left their Army; and that ſeveral Waggons with wounded Men were come into Edinburgh by the Weſtern Port, and it was ſaid there had been an Action betwixt ſome of them and the Garriſon of Sterling Caſtle; but that they expected, as next Day, at Berwick, a more diſtinct and certain Account of thoſe Particulars.

Whitehall, October 26.

Yeſterday arrived in the River and landed, four Troops of Sir John Ligonier's Regiment of Horſe, Major General Bland's Regiment of Dragoons, the Detachment of Foot Guards which ſerved at Oſtend, Lieutenant General St. Clair's Battalion of Foot, Lieutenant General Harriſon's, Major General Huske's and Lord Harry Beauclerk's Regiments of Foot.

St. James's, October 26.

This Day the Six Regiments of Trained Bands of the City of London, paſſed in Review before his Majeſty, and made a very handſome Appearance.

Extract of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Davers, dated at Sea, Auguſt 17, 1745.

I am juſt now informed, that two Spaniſh Ships outward bound, and richly laden, were taken about two Days ſince by two Privatier Sloops of Barbadoes and St. Chriſtophers, between the Iſlands of Heneago and Tortugas; one is ſent to Jamaica. I am told two others are expected the ſame Way, which I hope to be in Time to intercept myſelf.

Admiralty-Office, October 26.

On the firſt of June laſt his Majeſty's Ships Sutherland and Goſport diſcovered in the Road of Senegal in Africa, a French outward bound Eaſt-India Ship of 38 Guns, 170 Men, which they forced in among the Breakers, and deſtroyed her. She ſailed from Breſt the 20th of March, with Three Ships more bound to China.

Dublin, October 12.

Yeſterday being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Coronation, the Great Guns were fired in his Majeſty's Park the Phœnix, and anſwer'd by Vollies from the Regiments in Garriſon, which were drawn out upon Oxmantown Green. At Noon there was a numerous Appearance of the Nobility and other Perſons of Diſtinction to compliment his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant upon this Occaſion. After which there was a magnificent Entertainment at the Caſtle for ſeveral of the Nobility and other Perſons of Diſtinction: And at Night there was a Play given by his Excellency for the Entertainment of the Ladies; and a Ball at the Caſtle: And the Night concluded with Bonfires, Illuminations, and other Demonſtrations of Joy.

Whitehall, October 25, 1745.

Whereas it has been humbly repreſented to the King, that Thomas Ruggles was, on the 15th of this Inſtant October, about Ten at Night, attacked on Bocking Cauſeway, in the County of Eſſex, and ſhot at, and on the 22d at Seven in the Evening, his Barn and Outhouſes were ſet on Fire, by ſome malicious Perſons, and were deſtroyed, together with a large Quantity of Corn therein; and there being great Reaſon to think that it was done by ſome of the ſame Perſons who deſtroyed his Rowing Mill and Goods, &c. therein, on the 19th Day of February laſt paſt, for which a Reward of 20 l. was offer'd, to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhould make a Diſcovery of any of the Perſons concern'd therein; His Majeſty for the better diſcovering

and

and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons concerned in any of the Crimes abovementioned, is pleaſed to promiſe His moſt gracious Pardon to any one of the Offenders who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, they, or any of them, be apprehended and convicted thereof. HARRINGTON.

And the ſaid Thomas Ruggles does hereby promiſe a Reward of Fifty Pounds, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall make ſuch Diſcoveries as are above-mentioned, to be paid upon the Conviction of the ſaid Offenders, or any one or more of them, by James Fell, of Fenchurchſtreet, London, Haberdaſher.

James Fell.

Whitehall, October 19, 1745.

Whereas it has been repreſented to his Majeſty, that an anonymous Letter, dated the 5th Day of this Inſtant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Mayor of the City of Norwich; and alſo another anonymous Letter, dated the 8th Day of this Inſtant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Norwich, in both which Letters an Account is given of treaſonable Meetings, a Conſpiracy, and Rebellious Deſigns, (chiefly agitated and promoted by an Elderly Man, who ſeems to be a Prieſt, and to have been born in Ireland) being form'd, plann'd, and carried on in Norwich, Bungay, Wymondham, Harleſton, and other Towns; and of the ſaid Prieſt's, and the other Conſpirators, having engaged, and bound themſelves by the moſt ſolemn Oaths and Imprecations, and provided a great Number of Fire Arms, and a large Quantity of Ammunition, to riſe in Favour of the Pretender: His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering the Author or Authors of the ſaid Letters, and bringing to Juſtice any Perſon or Perſons concerned in the ſaid Conſpiracy, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them, who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, ſhe, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

War-Office, October 25, 1745.

It having been repreſented to his Majeſty, that ſeveral of the Out-Penſioners of Chelſea College, are in ſome Degree capable of Service, and may be uſeful in training and diſciplining ſuch Men as are or may be raiſed by his Majeſty's Authority, for the Defence of this Kingdom againſt the Rebels, either in the regular Forces, or in aſſociating Regiments or Companies of Voluntiers, and are willing to enliſt and enter themſelves accordingly; it is hereby declared it is His Majeſty's Pleaſure, that ſuch of the Out-Penſioners of Chelſea Hoſpital, who ſhall enliſt or enter themſelves as aforeſaid, ſhall continue to receive their Pay and Allowance from the ſaid Hoſpital, notwithſtanding their being ſo enliſted or entered for his Majeſty's Service.

By His Majeſty's Command,

Will. Yonge.

Aſſurance-Office, Serjeants-Inn, Oct. 26, 1745.

A General Quarterly Court of the Corporation of the Amicable Society for a perpetual Aſſurance-Office, will be held at their Houſe in Serjeants-Inn, Fleet-ſtreet, on Friday the 1ſt of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon.

Robert Michel, *Regiſter.*

Weſtminſter Fire-Office, Oct. 24, 1745.

The undermentioned Gentlemen are choſen Directors for the Year enſuing.

William Long, Eſq;	*Mr. Robert Halliwell.*
Mr. William Maſon.	*Iſaac Ware, Eſq;*
Mr. John Jackſon.	*Mr. Charles Durham.*
Mr. John Philips.	*Mr. Thomas Paulin.*
Mr. James Richards.	*John Barkley, Eſq;*
Mr. John Snow.	*Mr. Henry Cheere.*
Mr. John Anſell.	*Mr. Joſeph Auſtwick.*
Mr. John Bridgman.	*Charles Fenn, Eſq;*
Mr. Matthew Ramſey.	*Mr. John Gregory.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen who were on board his Majeſty's Ship Solebay, at the Time of retaking the Ant Pink, that they may receive their reſpective Shares for ſaid Capture, at Mr. Richard Bowery's Houſe, in Chequer Yard without Aldgate, on Wedneſday the 6th of November next enſuing, between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon; and that thenceforward the Shares that ſhall not then have been paid, may be received at the ſame Place the firſt Wedneſday in every ſucceeding Month.

Advertiſements.

ALL Sorts of ALMANACKS for the Year 1746, will be publiſhed together at Stationers-Hall on Tueſday the 19th Day of November, 1745.

Notice to the Publick.

AS we daily ſee many Perſons of Diſtinction die of the Gout in the Stomach, who are always in a bad State of Health for Want of a Fit; 'tis evident that the Faculty of Phyſicians are not poſſeſſed of a ſure Remedy to bring down a Fit, which would ſave the Perſon's Life, ſince the late Emperor did, and many great Gentlemen daily die of it.

All Perſons who are thus afflicted, if they apply to Joſeph Galindo, Chymiſt, in Duke Street, St. James's, may depend upon a ſure Relief; that they ſhall have a compleat Fit within twenty Days, by a moſt agreeable Liquid, not exceeding two Ounces, to be taken but once a Day; its Operation is inſenſible in all Reſpects.

'Tis to be hop'd that Perſons who are in that diſtreſſed Condition, and are appriz'd of this Notice, will no longer truſt to thoſe worthleſs Remedies that have fool'd away many great Gentlemen's Lives, whilſt in vain Expectation of Relief.

N. B. As the Author is certain of the Infallibity of his Remedy, he makes no previous Demands for his daily Attendance and Remedy, till he has brought on a thorough Fit of the Gout.

At his Houſe a Book is given for Three-pence, where all Perſons may find a further Satisfaction of the Veracity of this Advertiſement.

TO be ſold, before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the High Court of Chancery, purſuant to a Decree of the ſaid Court, at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Symond's-Inn, Chancery-Lane, Two Freehold Eſtates, one at Lucton, and the other at Leominſter, in the County of Hereford, late the Eſtates of Richard Hoper, Eſq; deceaſed, and after, of Mrs. John Hoper, of the Yearly Value of 400 l. or thereabouts. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy awarded againſt Jordan Bentley, late of Falſgrave, alias Walſgrave, in or near Scarbrough, in the County of York, Tanner, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate and Effects, on Wedneſday the 13th Day of November next, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of William Stockdale, being the Sign of the old Globe, in Scarbrough aforeſaid, to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees commencing and proſecuting one or more Suits at Law or in Equity, for Recovery of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

To

Men of Lieutenant General Howard's Regiment, who landed at Shields, came up to that Town: That upon the 22d arrived the Gibraltar Man of War, with the Right Hon. the Earl of Albermarle on board, and that the reſt of the Tranſports were expected in that Evening and the next Morning. By Advices from Scotland of the 21ſt, the Rebels continued giving out that they were to march from Edinburgh upon the 22d or 23d. Other Letters from Scotland take Notice, that another French Veſſel was landed at Stonehive, with ſome Officers and a few Arms for the Rebels. A Party of them was lately at Douglas, where they got ſome Small Pieces of Cannon, and 30 Stand of Arms. Afterwards they proceeded to Hamilton, and took what Arms they found there, and then returned to Edinburgh. Several different Accounts agree, that their Numbers did not exceed 8000.

Whitehall, October 26.

Letters from Berwick of the 22d Inſtant, advice, that ſome of the Tranſports bound from Holland to Newcaſtle, had appeared off that Place, and that a Boat with a Pilot had gone out and conducted them in. Theſe had on board eight Companies belonging to different Regiments, and there were ſome more Tranſports with about five Companies at Holy-Iſland. General Handaſyd ordered the eight Companies to land and enter Berwick, to reinforce that Garriſon, and the five Companies to remain at Holy-Iſland till further Orders.

There is Intelligence likewiſe, that 2000 of the Rebels, with eight Pieces of Cannon, had on Monday laſt marched by Duddingſton from Edingburgh, and were gone, as was ſaid, Southward: That thoſe in Muſſelburg, and the other Villages adjacent to Ebinburgh, were drawing together in order to take the ſame Route as on Tueſday Morning laſt; and that they were enquiring which were the beſt Roads to Weſtmorland, &c.

It was likewiſe reported, that 200 of the Rebels had mutinied, of whom 100 had marched off, and left their Army; and that ſeveral Waggons with wounded Men were come into Edinburgh by the Weſtern Port, and it was ſaid there had been an Action betwixt ſome of them and the Garriſon of Sterling Caſtle; but that they expected, as next Day, at Berwick, a more diſtinct and certain Account of thoſe Particulars.

Whitehall, October 26.

Yeſterday arrived in the River and landed, four Troops of Sir John Ligonier's Regiment of Horſe, Major General Bland's Regiment of Dragoons, the Detachment of Foot Guards which ſerved at Oſtend, Lieutenant General St. Clair's Battalion of Foot, Lieutenant General Harriſon's, Major General Huske's and Lord Harry Beauclerk's Regiments of Foot.

St. James's, October 26.

This Day the Six Regiments of Trained Bands of the City of London, paſſed in Review before his Majeſty, and made a very handſome Appearance.

Extract of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Davers, dated at Sea, Auguſt 17, 1745.

I am juſt now informed, that two Spaniſh Ships outward bound, and richly laden, were taken about two Days ſince by two Privatier Sloops of Barbadoes and St. Chriſtophers, between the Iſlands of Heneago and Tortugas; one is ſent to Jamaica. I am told two others are expected the ſame Way, which I hope to be in Time to intercept myſelf.

Admiralty-Office, October 26.

On the firſt of June laſt his Majeſty's Ships Sutherland and Goſport diſcovered in the Road of Senegal in Africa, a French outward bound Eaſt-India Ship of 38 Guns, 170 Men, which they forced in among the Breakers, and deſtroyed her. She ſailed from Breſt the 20th of March, with Three Ships more bound to China.

Dublin, October 12.

Yeſterday being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Coronation, the Great Guns were fired in his Majeſty's Park the Phœnix, and anſwer'd by Vollies from the Regiments in Garriſon, which were drawn out upon Oxmantown Green. At Noon there was a numerous Appearance of the Nobility and other Perſons of Diſtinction to compliment his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant upon this Occaſion. After which there was a magnificent Entertainment at the Caſtle for ſeveral of the Nobility and other Perſons of Diſtinction: And at Night there was a Play given by his Excellency for the Entertainment of the Ladies; and a Ball at the Caſtle: And the Night concluded with Bonfires, Illuminations, and other Demonſtrations of Joy.

Whitehall, October 25, 1745.

Whereas it has been humbly repreſented to the King, that Thomas Ruggles was, on the 15th of this Inſtant October, about Ten at Night, attacked on Bocking Cauſeway, in the County of Eſſex, and ſhot at, and on the 22d at Seven in the Evening, his Barn and Outhouſes were ſet on Fire, by ſome malicious Perſons, and were deſtroyed, together with a large Quantity of Corn therein; and there being great Reaſon to think that it was done by ſome of the ſame Perſons who deſtroyed his Rowing Mill and Goods, &c. therein, on the 19th Day of February laſt paſt, for which a Reward of 20 l. was offer'd, to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhould make a Diſcovery of any of the Perſons concern'd therein; His Majeſty for the better diſcovering and

and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons concerned in any of the Crimes abovementioned, is pleaſed to promiſe His moſt gracious Pardon to any one of the Offenders who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, they, or any of them, be apprehended and convicted thereof. HARRINGTON.

And the ſaid Thomas Ruggles does hereby promiſe a Reward of Fifty Pounds, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall make ſuch Diſcoveries as are above-mentioned, to be paid upon the Conviction of the ſaid Offenders, or any one or more of them, by James Fell, of Fenchurchſtreet, London, Haberdaſher.

James Fell.

Whitehall, October 19, 1745.

Whereas it has been repreſented to his Majeſty, that an anonymous Letter, dated the 5th Day of this Inſtant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Mayor of the City of Norwich; and alſo another anonymous Letter, dated the 8th Day of this Inſtant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Norwich, in both which Letters an Account is given of treaſonable Meetings, a Conſpiracy, and Rebellious Deſigns, (chiefly agitated and promoted by an Elderly Man, who ſeems to be a Prieſt, and to have been born in Ireland) being form'd, plann'd, and carried on in Norwich, Bungay, Wymondham, Harleſton, and other Towns; and of the ſaid Prieſt's, and the other Conſpirators, having engaged, and bound themſelves by the moſt ſolemn Oaths and Imprecations, and provided a great Number of Fire Arms, and a large Quantity of Ammunition, to riſe in Favour of the Pretender: His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering the Author or Authors of the ſaid Letters, and bringing to Juſtice any Perſon or Perſons concerned in the ſaid Conſpiracy, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them, who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, ſhe, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

War-Office, October 25, 1745.

It having been repreſented to his Majeſty, that ſeveral of the Out-Penſioners of Chelſea College, are in ſome Degree capable of Service, and may be uſeful in training and diſciplining ſuch Men as are or may be raiſed by his Majeſty's Authority, for the Defence of this Kingdom againſt the Rebels, either in the regular Forces, or in aſſociating Regiments or Companies of Voluntiers, and are willing to enliſt and enter themſelves accordingly; it is hereby declared it is His Majeſty's Pleaſure, that ſuch of the Out-Penſioners of Chelſea Hoſpital, who ſhall enliſt or enter themſelves as aforeſaid, ſhall continue to receive their Pay and Allowance from the ſaid Hoſpital, notwithſtanding their being ſo enliſted or entered for his Majeſty's Service.

By His Majeſty's Command,

Will. Yonge.

Aſſurance-Office, Serjeants-Inn, Oct. 26, 1745.

A General Quarterly Court of the Corporation of the Amicable Society for a perpetual Aſſurance-Office, will be held at their Houſe in Serjeants-Inn, Fleet-ſtreet, on Friday the 1ſt of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon.

Robert Michel, *Regiſter.*

Weſtminſter Fire-Office, Oct. 24, 1745.

The undermentioned Gentlemen are choſen Directors for the Year enſuing.

William Long, Eſq;	*Mr. Robert Halliwell.*
Mr. William Maſon.	*Iſaac Ware, Eſq;*
Mr. John Jackſon.	*Mr. Charles Durham.*
Mr. John Philips.	*Mr. Thomas Paulin.*
Mr. James Richards.	*John Barkley, Eſq;*
Mr. John Snow.	*Mr. Henry Cheere.*
Mr. John Anſell.	*Mr. Joſeph Auſtwick.*
Mr. John Bridgman.	*Charles Fenn, Eſq;*
Mr. Matthew Ramſey.	*Mr. John Gregory.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen who were on board his Majeſty's Ship Solebay, at the Time of retaking the Ant Pink, that they may receive their reſpective Shares for ſaid Capture, at Mr. Richard Bowery's Houſe, in Chequer Yard without Aldgate, on Wedneſday the 6th of November next enſuing, between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon; and that thenceforward the Shares that ſhall not then have been paid, may be received at the ſame Place the firſt Wedneſday in every ſucceeding Month.

Advertiſements.

ALL Sorts of ALMANACKS for the Year 1746, will be publiſhed together at Stationers-Hall on Tueſday the 19th Day of November, 1745.

Notice to the Publick.

AS we daily ſee many Perſons of Diſtinction die of the Gout in the Stomach, who are always in a bad State of Health for Want of a Fit; 'tis evident that the Faculty of Phyſicians are not poſſeſſed of a ſure Remedy to bring down a Fit, which would ſave the Perſon's Life, ſince the late Emperor did, and many great Gentlemen daily die of it.

All Perſons who are thus afflicted, if they apply to Joſeph Galindo, Chymiſt, in Duke Street, St. James's, may depend upon a ſure Relief; that they ſhall have a compleat Fit within twenty Days, by a moſt agreeable Liquid, not exceeding two Ounces, to be taken but once a Day; its Operation is inſenſible in all Reſpects.

'Tis to be hop'd that Perſons who are in that diſtreſſed Condition, and are appriz'd of this Notice, will no longer truſt to thoſe worthleſs Remedies that have ſool'd away many great Gentlemen's Lives, whilſt in vain Expectation of Relief.

N. B. As the Author is certain of the Infallibity of his Remedy, he makes no previous Demands for his daily Attendance and Remedy, till he has brought on a thorough Fit of the Gout.

At his Houſe a Book is given for Three-pence, where all Perſons may find a further Satisfaction of the Veracity of this Advertiſement.

TO be ſold, before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the High Court of Chancery, purſuant to a Decree of the ſaid Court, at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Symond's-Inn, Chancery-Lane, Two Freehold Eſtates, one at Lucton, and the other at Leominſter, in the County of Hereford, late the Eſtates of Richard Hoper, Eſq; deceaſed, and after, of Mr. John Hoper, of the Yearly Value of 400 l. or thereabouts. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy awarded againſt Jordan Bentley, late of Falſgrave, alias Walſgrave, in or near Scarbrough, in the County of York, Tanner, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate and Effects, on Wedneſday the 13th Day of November next, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of William Stockdale, being the Sign of the old Globe, in Scarbrough aforeſaid, to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees commencing and proſecuting one or more Suits at Law or in Equity, for Recovery of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, and on other ſpecial Affairs,

To